

1. (15 points) Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

- Without computing the eigenvalues, explain why the eigenvalues are real.
- Use Gershgorin's disk theorem to show that all eigenvalues are nonnegative.

2. (15 points) Let $\|\cdot\|$ be an induced matrix norm. If A is an $n \times n$ matrix with $\|A\| < 1$, show that $I + A$ is nonsingular, i.e., it has a matrix inverse. In addition, show that

$$\|(I + A)^{-1}\| \leq \frac{1}{1 - \|A\|}.$$

3. (15 points) If $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ is symmetric and positive definite, show that

$$|a_{ij}| \leq \frac{1}{2}(a_{ii} + a_{jj})$$

holds for all $1 \leq i, j \leq n$.

4. (10 points) Let $P \in \mathbb{C}^{m \times m}$ be a nonzero projector. Show that $\|P\|_2 \geq 1$.

5. (15 points) Suppose A is an invertible 301×301 matrix with $\|A\|_2 = 10$ and $\|A\|_F^2 = 400$. Give the sharpest possible lower bound on the 2-norm condition number $\kappa(A)$.

6. (15 points) Consider the linear system $\begin{bmatrix} 10^{-20} & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$.

- (a) Find the exact solution.
- (b) Find the solution using Gaussian Elimination without pivoting.
- (c) Find the solution using Gaussian Elimination with partial pivoting.

7. (15 points) The following two questions involve the conjugate gradient iteration and the Arnoldi iteration.
- (a) Consider the conjugate gradient algorithm for solving $Ax = b$ for a symmetric positive definite $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times m}$. What property(ies) does the n^{th} iterate of the algorithm satisfy?
 - (b) Consider the Arnoldi iteration. What property(ies) does the n^{th} iterate of the algorithm (i.e., the matrix Q_n) satisfy? How can the Arnoldi iteration be used as an eigenvalue approximation algorithm?